Brief module descriptions related to
BSc (Honours) in Computing Science

Introduction to Computing
This module is intended to be at an introductory level to provide an overview of the different modules taught in the computing science programme. The purpose is to enable students to appreciate the relevance and interrelationships of different modules without being lost in the details, as well as to instil a computing science mindset in them. Specifically, this module covers wide variety of topics ranging from binary number systems, the building blocks of hardware, the building blocks of software, operating systems, to computer networks and security.

Mathematics I
Mathematics is the foundation of any computing discipline, including computing science. Hence, it is essential for students to acquire a level of mathematical maturity to help them better understand the computing science modules in their studies. This first mathematics module will equip students with the core mathematical knowledge in discrete mathematics. Topics covered include basic logic, functions, relations and sets, graphs and trees, and sequences and series.

Mathematics II
This second mathematics module will equip students with the core mathematical knowledge in statistics and linear algebra which will be required in the specialized topic in machine learning and data analytics in year 2 and year 3. Topics covered include descriptive statistics, probability theory, probability distributions, sampling distributions, inferential statistics, matrix operations and solving systems of linear equations.

Programming Methodology
Programming is one of the most basic and essential skills for any professional in the field of Computing Science. This module is intended for students with no prior computing knowledge or experience beyond a basic familiarity with operation of a personal computer, and can be taken by any student interested in acquiring basic programming skills.

The topics covered in this module include: Introduction to the historical and social context of computing, Basic concepts in programming (Data types, Control structures, Functions, Arrays, pointers, Files), Running, Testing and Debugging scripts and programs, Overview of Programming paradigms. Programming concepts are demonstrated in a variety of languages and practiced in a standard programming language (C).

The module will also introduce students the best practices in secure coding such as input validation and data sanitization, and issues such as integer exploits and buffer overflows.

Computer Organization & Architecture
This is a foundation module whose main focus is on the characteristics and development of relatively high level “building” blocks of a computer system. The highest level learning objective is to make clear how a computer program written in text is actually ‘executed’ by a computer, regardless of it being a mainframe, desktop or embedded system. A myriad of basic lower level topics includes explaining how a central processor operates, the characteristics of different memory subsystems, data representations and measurements of system performance will be covered. There will be a special emphasis on IoT and embedded system architecture, in particular the computational and resource constraints in IoT platforms such as ARM Mbed, Raspberry Pi, Arduino and Intel Galileo.

Business Information Technology
This module provides an introduction to information and communications technology within the organizational and social context, and the role technology plays in managing businesses and delivering services. Technology trends towards greater complexity, networking and mobility, methods for improving business competitiveness, and creation of new value via technology in the current networked and global climate will be discussed. Other topics include processes, policy implications, ethics and social responsibility are also covered. The focus will be on the management and strategy aspects of computer systems, as well as embedded systems and sensor networks in the context of city management and urban solutions for resource management. The content will be explored through case studies and discussions, workshops and team projects. There may be invited guest lectures provided occasionally over the semester.

Effective Communication
Effective written and oral communication skills have been viewed as core competencies for undergraduate students in major universities in the world and are required by employers for today’s globalised workplace. Specific communication skills required of computer science undergraduates include the ability to present academic and technical information both in writing and orally to technical and non-technical audiences.

This module aims to help students develop such abilities through academic essay and reflective writing, technical report writing, small group discussions, oral pitching and presenting and other learning activities. It also adopts a process-based, reading-into-writing approach so that students have the chance to learn/unlearn/learn from the multiple drafting experience of each writing assignment. For the principle instructional focus of the course, a project-based approach is used that requires teams of students to explore authentic computer science problems and develop viable solutions within real-world contexts. Students will read discipline-specific articles, do writing assignments and a project with a smart computing focus, and interview computer scientists, engineers or related experts, thus facilitating greater acquaintance with the field.
Career & Professional Development

Communication skills constitute a key component in the education of computing science and engineering students, not just to facilitate their education but to prepare them for the workplace. It is well-established that companies want graduates who can demonstrate strong communication skills. Technical skills using computers are seen as a necessary but not sufficient set of skills for engineers who can communicate complex ideas in a clear and productive manner, who make positive role models, and who can interact, cooperate and collaborate effectively with others in today’s work environment.

This module aims to help you develop useful career and professional skills to meet the demands of today’s workplace. The module comprises two main components: career skills and professional communication skills. The career new search component covers the entire job search process, from planning your career to drafting a cover letter and resume, understanding the job interview. The second component focuses on workplace considerations and resource constraints. Students will become skilled in the use of techniques and tools for designing, programming and testing human-centric systems. Topics covered include the OSI and TCP/IP networking models, the ideas of layering, encapsulation, communication protocols, and implementation of software abstractions (e.g., LAM/S, RAISE). Interconnection of networks with switches and routers, IP addressing and routing, TCP/UDP common application layer protocols like HTTPD and HTTP socket programming, and network management. In addition, practical lab exercises using network simulator and protocol analyser will be introduced to enhance the understanding of the students.

Data Structures & Algorithms

This module introduces the fundamental concepts of data structures and the complexity of algorithms that operate on them. Topics include recursion, fundamental data structures (including arrays, linked lists, stacks, queues, hash tables, trees, heaps and graphs), and efficient algorithms for manipulation and searching of data in these data structures (e.g., sorting, hashing, searching, etc.). The linear workloads of the different data structures and algorithms introduced in this course are demonstrated using a programming language such as Python, C or Java.

Object Oriented Programming

The aim of this introductory module is to enable students to learn the basic language constructs and APIs of Java and design simple object-oriented Java applications. Students will be introduced to object-oriented programming concepts such as classes, inheritance and polymorphism. Basic testing using JUnit will be covered. Students will also learn about basic programming principles such as (i) just to catch and ignore them in order to develop secure code. Upon completion of this course, students will be able to apply what they have learned to implement object-oriented software applications. They will also have an understanding of the benefits of code documentation and reusability.

Operating Systems

Operating Systems are an essential part of any computer system. It defines an abstraction of hardware behaviour with which programs can control the hardware. It also manages the computer's resources efficiently and effectively. This course provides a comprehensive overview of the contents of a traditional OS, including the key mechanisms in an OS. It allows students to learn about the range of algorithms and techniques available for specific OS problems, and the implications of selection specific algorithms for application behaviour. Students will be able to practice concepts learnt in the module in lab sessions that involve experimenting with operating systems for devices such as Raspberry Pi, TinyOS, Mongoose OS for IoT (Google), Contiki OS, Amazon FreeRTOS.

Professional Software Development

This module introduces students to modern software development methods and techniques for building and maintaining large-scale systems. This course will emphasize on the Agile software development methodology, ensuring that the students are able to plan, organise and schedule a substantial team based project. It also covers capturing and specifying software requirements, implementation of functional and non-functional requirements, as well as the design, implementation and testing of software systems. The module demonstrates meets project requirements. The students will also be taught to use appropriate Quality Assurance techniques, including test suite planning, continuous integration, as well as the use of version control systems. This module will have a particular emphasis on the impact of the desiderata of scalability and efficiency in big data infrastructure.

Human Computer Interaction

Human-Computer Interaction (HCI) is the study of how humans use computers, and design and implement computer systems to ensure ease of learning and usage. This module introduces fundamental methods, principles and tools for designing, programming and testing human-centric systems. Topics covered include usability and affordance, metaphors and conceptual models, human cognitive psychology, evaluation techniques and user interface software tools. Recent topics in HCI are also reviewed, including new gesture-based interactions and augmented reality. Students will become skilled in the use of techniques and tools for modeling, implementing and evaluating IoT applications.

Cyber Security Fundamentals

This module aims to explain the fundamental cryptographic primitives and core concepts of computer and network security such as symmetric-key and public-key encryption, digital signatures and secure hash functions. It emphasizes on the main security protocols, design and practical challenges of secure communication. It will also provide a study of student’s cyber security knowledge through the principles, practices and tools of secure system development based on network security protocols and primitives. The module further explains how to analyze the different security problems, generating security requirements that led to the development of an appropriate secure IoT system.

Mobile App Development

Mobile devices such as smartphones and tablets have become the most common methods of accessing computing and information services. This module will cover the fundamental programming principles, software architecture, user interface design, and second component focuses on mobile and pervasive computing. Students will become skilled in the use of techniques and tools for designing, programming and testing human-centric systems. Topics covered include the concept of software defined architectures, virtualisations and containers, such as Docker, Kubernetes in cloud infrastructure as well as how cloud service providers organise their offerings including platform as a service (PaaS), mobile backbone as a service and even serverless architectures.

Cloud & Distributed Computing

Cloud and distributed computing is the fundamental for IoT and Pervasive Systems. This module builds on the introduction to operating systems and computer networks, specifically focusing on the software engineering issues raised by distributed systems and algorithms for use in IoT and pervasive systems. It aims to enable students to develop, implement and test a system which includes a substantial team based project. It also covers capturing and specifying software requirements, implementation of functional and non-functional requirements, as well as the design, implementation and testing of software systems. The module demonstrates meets project requirements. The students will also be taught to use appropriate Quality Assurance techniques, including test suite planning, continuous integration, as well as the use of version control systems. This module will have a particular emphasis on the impact of the desiderata of scalability and efficiency in big data infrastructure.

Data Analytics

Big Data is nowadays manifested in a very large number of environments and application fields pertaining to our education, entertainment, health, public governance, enterprise, etc. This module will enable students to gain the understanding of the new challenges big data introduce, in particular in the area of IoT and the currently available solutions. These include (i) challenges pertaining to the modelling, accessing, and storing of big data, (ii) an understanding of the fundamentals of systems designed to store and access big data, (iii) programming paradigms for efficient scalable access to big data, and (iv) data processing methodology to facilitate big data analytics. The module will have a particular emphasis on the impact of the desiderata of scalability and efficiency in big data infrastructures, and exposes students with a number of different cloud-based NoSQL systems and their design and implementation details, showing how they can achieve efficiency and scalability. Topics to be covered (i) the design of a cloud environment (ii) databases and data management systems and (iii) the design of a cloud environment (iv) databases and data management systems.

Team Project

This module gives students the experience of working on a substantial team-based software project to develop new applications relevant to Singapore’s Smart Nation initiatives. The students will be required to fabricate software design patterns to be used for prototyping their IoT systems. The course provides the opportunity to apply the principles, practices and tools learned during the associated Professional Software Development course.

Design Project (DIP)

The Overseas Immersion Programme (OIP) will involve a multi-disciplinary team project requiring computing science students to work with the Nursing and Mechanical Engineering students to design, prototype, implement, and evaluate smart devices for a wide variety of themes related to Smart Nation Initiative. This team project will require the computing science students to gain knowledge and skills that they will be responsible for the software components of the design project, while the Mechanical Engineering students will be responsible for the hardware / robotic design. The team project will prepare students’ learning in an independent manner by the different disciplines and lead to the implementation of the design project in their final trimester of study. They will be required to present their project in a short seminar and submit a dissertation describing the results of the project.

IWSW

The Integrated Work Study Programme (IWSW) is an integrated 8-month duration (2 trimesters) work placement programme that will provide students with unique learning opportunities to achieve the following objectives: (1) applied learning – integration of theory and practice, acquisition of specialist knowledge and professional skills, (2) exposure to real-world conditions - appreciation of real-world constraints in respective industry contexts to develop skills of adaptability, creativity and innovation, and (3) smooth transition to jobs - practical experience which shortens work induction period.

The extended period of IWSW coupled with real work being performed, allow placement organizations to evaluate the suitability of a student as potential employee, in effect making the IWSW equivalent to a job probation period. Students will also have many opportunities to immerse themselves in their placement organization’s business and culture, and decide if this is a good organization to work in.
Embedded Systems & Sensor Programming
Worldwide, 98% of all microprocessors are used in embedded systems rather than personal computers. The prevalence of these systems globally imply that it is crucial to understand the fundamentals of embedded systems design and programming.

This module aims to develop knowledge and practical expertise in embedded systems and learn about their basic architectural components, applications and corresponding design constraints, as well as understand different sensors for IoT applications. Based on a specific microcontroller and a set of real-world applications and examples, students will learn the functionality of microcontrollers and their integration within an embedded system. This will include (but is not limited to) topics such as memory maps, GPIOs, interrupts, ADC/DAC, timers, serial/parallel communication and power management. Students will also get an opportunity to explore a variety of different sensors and platforms, and enhance their understanding of programming in a low-level language such as C. In lab practicals, students apply theoretical knowledge with exercises using a development platform and measurement equipment, and then progress to an industry relevant team project, giving them the opportunity to plan and organize a larger task, and make and justify their design and implementation decisions.

IoT: Protocols and Networks
This module focuses on the protocols and networking for IoT and wireless sensor networks. Students will be introduced to networking, frameworks, application protocols, data representations, security and the tools used to connect devices to the Internet of Things. Some of the networks this module will cover include ZigBee, Sigfox, LoRa, NB-IoT, LTE-M, Bluetooth Low Energy, and WiFi. The students will also be exposed to the underlying routing protocols for IoT and wireless networks — RPL, the IoT network stack i.e., Thread, application level protocol i.e., CoAP (HTTP equivalent) and IoT network architectures. The students will be required to build an IoT network application based on the topics learnt in this module.

Machine Learning
This module presents students with an introduction to the general theory of learning from data and to a number of popular Machine Learning methods. The main machine learning methods: regression, classification, clustering, probability density estimation, deep learning and dimensionality reduction will be covered in this module. It also enables the students to use a selection of common machine learning algorithms for IoT applications and be aware of when one is to be favoured over the other. Students will be exposed to data exploration methods in R or Python.

Information Visualisation
Information visualization is the study of interactive visual representations of abstract data that exploits the capabilities of the human perceptual system. This abstract data could be numeric or non-numeric data, such as text, symbolic or geographic data. The main challenge in this area is to enable humans to intuitively explore a given data set to gain new insights, via the design of a cognitively useful visual and spatial mapping, with accompanying interaction techniques.

Information visualization is multidisciplinary, merging the areas of computer graphics, human-computer interaction, cognitive psychology, visual design and data science, and has become increasingly relevant in the age of big data and analytics in the understanding of large amounts of unstructured multivariate data, obtained from multiple sensors in IoT devices in real-time.

This module introduces the main principles and methods to design effective information visualizations, human perceptual and cognitive capabilities, and the different variety of information visualization techniques available. At the end of the course, students should be able to determine which methods are appropriate for visualizing certain data types, and to design and implement effective and compelling visualizations to explore and understand a data set.

IoT in Smart Nations
A smart city is an urban area that employs multiple different sensors for electronic data collection and to supply information that is used to manage resources and assets in an efficient manner. Such technology can be used to both enhance the quality and performance of urban services, and also to reduce costs.

This course is focused on the history, adoption and technology design of Internet of Things (IoT) systems in the context of city management and solutions development for urban challenges. The course first begins with an introduction to the history of migration, city development and the urban issues of overcrowding, pollution and waste, the role of the public sector and the importance of the different ecosystems. The focus then shifts to the study of technology advancement of mobile and embedded computing, sensor networking and the historical development of several example smart city concepts, solutions and strategies in the timeline of global development, discussing important questions, benefits and potential drawbacks of such technology implementation. Finally the course engages students with the design thinking process to explore and create potential multidisciplinary solutions that solve urban challenges, yet also empathize with the urban city dweller at the heart. This course will be conducted in an interactive seminar style with discussion of assigned readings, viewing of videos and interactive hands-on exercises, before exploring the topics through a final report and project.

Information Retrieval
This module aims to present students with an in-depth examination of the theoretical and practical issues involved in providing tools to access large collections of documents, images, structured and unstructured data especially in the context of the World Wide Web and data collected from sensors and mobile devices. It presents students with the practical engineering issues raised by the design and implementation of an information retrieval system to support new applications in the IoT space.

Safety Critical Systems
This module encourages students to apply engineering techniques to support the development of safety-critical systems and cyber-physical systems (CPS) — computational systems that are integrated with physical processes. Applications of such systems include medical devices and systems, consumer electronics, assisted living, traffic control and safety, automotive systems, process control, energy management and conservation, environmental control, aircraft control system, critical infrastructure control (electric power, and water resources), and defence systems. It also encourages students to consider the particular methodological and professional issues that surround the development of both cyber-physical and Safety-critical systems. The students will be taught a number of risk analysis techniques such as Failure Modes, Effects and Criticality Analysis and Fault Tree Analysis as well as the application of safety critical design techniques such as redundancy and safety critical evaluation techniques such as Black Box testing.