



University  
of Glasgow | School of Physics  
& Astronomy

# Postgraduate Taught Masters (MSc) handbook

## Course Information Guide

*MSc in Advanced Imaging & Sensing; MSc in Astrophysics; MSc in Advanced Functional Materials;  
MSc in Nuclear and Environmental Physics; MSc in Quantum Technology;  
MSc in Sensors and Imaging Systems; MSc in Theoretical Physics.*

*Version 2.01, valid for academic session 2023-24*



Image credit: NASA / JWST Webb First Deep Field,  
[https://www.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/thumbnails/image/main\\_image\\_deep\\_field\\_smacs0723-5mb.jpg](https://www.nasa.gov/sites/default/files/thumbnails/image/main_image_deep_field_smacs0723-5mb.jpg)

## Contents

1 Welcome statement from Head of School	2
2 Introduction and general information	3
Key personnel	3
Class representatives	3
Course credits	3
University session dates	4
Study space	4
3 Course description	5
Course materials	5
Degree award	5
Getting the best from your studies	6
4 Attendance and adverse circumstances	6
5 Plagiarism and collusion	7
6 Reassessment	9
7 MSc research project	9
8 MSc completion and non-MSc exit qualifications	12
9 University complaints procedure	13
10 School information	14
Out-of-hours access	14
Student societies	14
11 Getting help and advice	14
Health and wellbeing	14
Appendix A: course-component details	15
Experimental Techniques in Quantum Optics (PHYS5056)	15
Fundamentals of Sensing and Measurement (PHYS5044)	16
Research Skills (PHYS5015)	17
Advanced Data Analysis (PHYS5001)	18
Other courses	19
Intended learning outcomes	19
Content delivery	21
Assessment	21
Appendix B: Students on the Sensor & Imaging Systems MSc programme	22

## 1 Welcome statement from Head of School

*As the Head of School of Physics and Astronomy, I would like to welcome you to your new degree. The School prides itself in providing an excellent and supportive learning and teaching environment that is fully integrated with our research; you will have the opportunity to interact with world-leading researchers working at the cutting edge of a wide range of fields of physics and astronomy, who are tackling some of the biggest contemporary challenges in science and technology.*

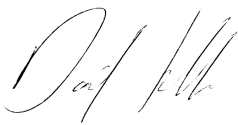
*Having said that, this year is going to be “interesting” to say the least, due to the uncertainties caused by the coronavirus pandemic. We will all be in learning mode this year. Staff will be undertaking a great deal of work in preparing teaching materials to be used in a blended learning approach that is flexible enough to work in different scenarios. We are confident that the current challenges present us with opportunities to re-evaluate and improve how we learn and teach, and for this you will play a critical role. I ask that you not only bear with us in these extraordinary circumstances, but engage with us through any of the available communication channels in letting us know what works and what does not.*

*One thing that will not change is the School’s firm commitment to supporting equally the careers and development of all its students and staff, as exemplified by our receipt of an Athena Swan Silver award. We value the diversity of our student body and recognise that this diversity improves the quality of our work by bringing a wide range of skills and viewpoints. We therefore expect that all staff and students will work productively and professionally together in an atmosphere of mutual respect.*

*To support this, all our staff and graduate students undertake equality and diversity training, our lab guides include a code of conduct for students, supplementing the University code<sup>1</sup>, and we support the University's Dignity at Work and Study policy<sup>2</sup>. You can be assured that any instances of bullying, harassment, or offensive language or behaviour will be both taken seriously by the School and treated with sensitivity. Points of support for students are your adviser of studies, your Class Head and Lab Head, and in addition the School has two appointed Equality and Diversity offices, to whom students may speak in confidence.*

*I wish you success with your current and future studies.*

Best wishes



Professor David Ireland  
Head of School

<sup>1</sup> <https://www.gla.ac.uk/myglasgow/senateoffice/studentcodes/studentconductstaff/>

<sup>2</sup> <https://www.gla.ac.uk/myglasgow/humanresources/equalitydiversity/dignityworkstudyover/>

## 2 Introduction and general information

This Course Information Guide aims to provide specific information relevant to students enrolled on one of the MSc programmes offered by the School of Physics and Astronomy. Important information and updates throughout the year will be announced via the Physics and Astronomy MSc Moodle site.

**Students on the Sensor & Imaging Systems (SIS) degree should note that various details specific to their programme's collaboration with the University of Edinburgh are discussed in Appendix B, as a complement to the rest of this document.**

The University of Glasgow Regulations covering fees, student codes, assessment and examinations are available on-line at <https://www.gla.ac.uk/myglasgow/apg/policies/uniregs/>.

### Key personnel

MSc Convenor and Class Head	Prof Andy Buckley	<a href="mailto:Andy.Buckley@glasgow.ac.uk">Andy.Buckley@glasgow.ac.uk</a>
MSc Deputy Convenor	Dr Trevor Almeida	<a href="mailto:Trevor.Almeida@glasgow.ac.uk">Trevor.Almeida@glasgow.ac.uk</a>
MSc Project Coordinator	Dr Johannes Courtial	<a href="mailto:Johannes.Courtial@glasgow.ac.uk">Johannes.Courtial@glasgow.ac.uk</a>
MSc Deputy Project Coordinator	Dr Rachel Montgomery	<a href="mailto:Rachel.Montgomery@glasgow.ac.uk">Rachel.Montgomery@glasgow.ac.uk</a>

Due to staff leave and other commitments, in practice the best contact email addresses to use are not the individual ones above but the generic [phas-classhead-pgt@glasgow.ac.uk](mailto:phas-classhead-pgt@glasgow.ac.uk) (or [phas-pgtconvenor@glasgow.ac.uk](mailto:phas-pgtconvenor@glasgow.ac.uk)) for the conveners, and [phas-labhead-pgt@glasgow.ac.uk](mailto:phas-labhead-pgt@glasgow.ac.uk) (or [phas-pgtprojects@glasgow.ac.uk](mailto:phas-pgtprojects@glasgow.ac.uk)) for the project coordinators. Using these generic addresses maximises the likelihood of a timely reply.

### Class representatives

The University of Glasgow (UofG) values students' views on the running of the courses. Within the School of Physics and Astronomy we hold two staff-student liaison committee meetings (one per semester). We invite MSc students to nominate themselves by emailing the MSc Convenor **before the end of the second week of teaching in Semester 1** to represent the Physics and Astronomy taught postgraduate students at these meetings. There are normally two representatives at these meetings: one for the SIS programme (as this also involves student issues during the semester at University of Edinburgh), and one for the other, purely UofG programmes. If more than one student volunteers for each post, an election will be held.

Find out how you can provide the University with feedback on your experience as a student at Glasgow: <https://www.gla.ac.uk/myglasgow/apg/gea/studentrepresentationmyclassreps/>.

### Course credits

MSc students normally undertake a total of 180 course credits, of which **a minimum of 150** are at Masters level. 120 credits of lecture courses (at least 90 at M-level) are normally taken over Semester 1 and/or Semester 2, and the 60-credit MSc Project is normally carried out over the Summer period.

All Taught Postgraduate students are *required* to take the [Academic Writing Skills Programme \(AWSP\)](#) – a writing diagnostic designed to allow you to get the most out of your academic writing. You will be invited to take part by email.

## University session dates

University session dates are set out at <https://www.gla.ac.uk/myglasgow/apg/sessiondates/>.

## Study space

### Large study spaces

**The James McCune Smith Learning Hub and University Library** are the primary study spaces on campus and offer 2500 and 850 seats respectively. Access to the library is managed via the turnstiles and ID cards, with numbers being controlled in this way. A live feed of available spaces is published via the UofG Life app.

**The Macmillan Reading Room** offers 70 study seats. This is an open access space supported by members of the Reach Out team.

**Hunter Halls, Kelvin Gallery and the Gym in St Andrew's** have all been designated as study spaces, offering individual seating for 84, 70 and 20 respectively. They are open access, non-bookable spaces supported by the Reach Out team. Each location will have a Salto card reader installed at the entry point and students will be encouraged to tap their ID card on entry, thus gathering data in support of any tracing which may be required.

Regular (hourly) reporting of the 'busyness' of each of the open access spaces will be captured and displayed to students. All the large study spaces are configured for individual study.

### Small study spaces

Centrally-managed teaching rooms which have a revised capacity of less than 5 have been designated study spaces, supporting both individual and small group study. These spaces are all bookable via the online booking system available on the UofG Life app.

Availability of these spaces is viewable through the booking app. Students will be encouraged to form small study groups or learning communities to take advantage of the opportunity to study together in these spaces.

### Informal study spaces

The Senate room will provide an informal social study space, equipped with more relaxed seating. It is an open access space and again, a Salto reader will be installed and the Reach Out team will support use of the space.

All UofG catering outlets can be used as informal study space, particularly outside the (usually) busy lunch-time period. This includes the Ferguson Room in which a number of 'learning cafes' will be hosted in the afternoons.

### 3 Course description

The MSc programmes' intended learning outcomes, methods of content delivery, and range of assessment methods, are described in the appendix.

#### Course materials

The recommended course books are normally given at the start of teaching by lecturers. The [Reading List](#) tool of the University Library can also be used to find the list and location of recommended textbooks.

#### Degree award

The conditions of award of a Masters degree in Science are governed by the [Generic Regulations for Taught Masters Degrees](#). **To be awarded the MSc degree, you need *both*:**

- i. a grade point average of 12.0 or above in the taught courses,  
with at least 75% of these credits (90 credits) at grade D3 (9.0) or above,  
and all credits at grade F3 (3.0) or above; and
- ii. a grade D3 (9.0) or better in the 60-credit MSc project.

**Note that to progress to the MSc Project, students need to satisfy condition (i) above, or to be in a position where it is most likely to be met following resit examinations in August. Students who do not meet condition (i) by the June PGT exam-board meeting and will need substantial resit-exam work to achieve it will be delayed in their project start until the condition is met.** See Sections 6 and 7 for full detail.

#### Awards of Merit and Distinction on taught-Masters degrees

In accordance with the Code of Assessment, the generic regulations for taught Masters degrees stipulate:

*9.1 A candidate will be eligible for the award of the degree on obtaining a grade point average of 12.0 or above in the taught courses described in §4, with at least 75% of these credits at grade D3 or above, and all credits at grade F3 or above, and obtaining a grade D3 or above in the substantial independent work.*

*9.2 A candidate will be eligible for the award of Merit on achieving at the first attempt:*

- a) a grade point average of at least 14.5 in the 180 or more credits completed on the programme; and*
- b) a grade point average of at least 14.0 in the taught courses; and*
- c) a grade of at least C1 in the substantial independent work.*

*9.3 Where a candidate has satisfied the requirements set out at §9.2 (b) and (c), and their grade point average for the 180 or more credits completed on the programme at the first attempt falls within the range 14.1 to 14.4 the Board of Examiners shall make the award with Merit where at least 50% of the weighted course grade profile comprises grades of B or above.*

*9.4 A candidate will be eligible for the award of Distinction on achieving at the first attempt:*

- a) a grade point average of at least 17.5 in the 180 or more credits completed on the programme; and*
- b) a grade point average of at least 17.0 in the taught courses; and*
- c) a grade of at least B1 in the substantial independent work.*

9.5 Where a candidate has satisfied the requirements set out at §9.4 (b) and (c), and their grade point average for the 180 or more credits completed on the programme at the first attempt falls within the range 17.1 to 17.4 the Board of Examiners shall make the award with Distinction where at least 50% of the weighted course grade profile comprises A grades.

## Getting the best from your studies

Apart from the general advice to carefully think about study strategies, including turning up to lectures, tutorials, supervisions, doing your homework, keeping on top of new information, **you can always get in touch with one of the key people listed in Section 2 of this document, or with your Advisor of Studies, or with your course lecturers, regarding any problem that you may have.**

Note also that the University provides a high level of support to students on a range of topics (e.g. health, finance, careers, accommodation), and you can find out more at <http://www.gla.ac.uk/studentlife/support/>.

The [Student Learning Development](#) service offers a range of advisers who provide in-course teaching, optional classes, and one-to-one appointments on a range of topics related to the subject-specific content of the University's degrees.

**Students in Science & Engineering can make an appointment or come to a class with the Effective Learning Adviser for the College to talk about anything related to their academic work. You can receive tailored effective learning advice from the College Effective Learning Adviser.**

## 4 Attendance and adverse circumstances

Sometimes, adverse circumstances prevent students from fulfilling their course requirements. If you miss an examination or an assessment deadline, or your assessment performance has been seriously affected by acute issues, you should submit a Good Cause Claim (GCC). This must be done via MyCampus and is the mechanism that allows your circumstances to be considered by the Board of Examiners. **Please note all GCCs must be submitted within 5 days of the date of the affected assessment.**

**Note also that the GCC process is for unavoidable issues particularly affecting the time of assessment: general long-term health or other issues do not apply, and you should discuss these with your adviser as early as possible if they are affecting your ability to study effectively.**

Students should note that the University's Code of Assessment allows grades to be awarded only on the basis of demonstrated work. So, if you feel that some piece of assessed work has been affected by adverse circumstances, and if the staff agree, then the only course of action available is for the grade for that piece of work to be set aside (in the case of continuously assessed work and Class Tests), or to allow a resit (in the case of Degree Exams) – **marks awarded cannot, and will not be adjusted, due to adverse circumstances.** Note that a course cannot be passed if more than 25% of its assessments have been set aside.

To submit a Good Cause Claim on MyCampus:

1. Go to the 'Student Centre' and select My Good Cause from the Academics menu.
2. Select the relevant course(s).

3. Complete the report in MyCampus (there is provision for particularly sensitive information to be provided separately, outwith the system, but a claim report must still be entered into MyCampus).
4. Add supporting evidence by uploading documents. (Scanners are available on level 3 of the University Library.) It is the responsibility of the student to keep all original documentation and submit it to the Class Head on request.

**If you encounter any difficulties with this process, please contact the Class Head and your Advisor of Studies immediately to let them know you have a problem with your Good Cause Claim.**

### **What will happen to your Good Cause Claim?**

The Course Administrator and/or Class Head will ensure that your claim is considered and this will be in accordance with the section of the Code of Assessment which covers incomplete assessment and good cause (paragraphs 16.45 to 16.53). The outcome of your claim will be posted into the Approval Information section on your Good Cause Claim in MyCampus. **If it is accepted that your assessment was affected by good cause, the work in question will be set aside and you will (as far as is practicable) be given another opportunity to take the assessment with the affected attempt discounted.**

**For absences that are significant but for which a Good Cause Claim is not being filed, students must complete a MyCampus absence report.** A significant absence is defined to be:

- an absence of more than seven consecutive days during working periods; or
- an absence of any duration if it prevents a student from for example fulfilling any minimum requirement for the award of credit (e.g. missing attendance at one day of a two-day laboratory, but where the work was nonetheless submitted and therefore not involving a Good Cause claim).

**All potentially significant absences should be reported as soon as is practical, by completing part 1 of the MyCampus absence report.** Part 2 of the MyCampus absence report should be completed on return to university. The normal submission deadline for the completed absence report is 7 days after return to university. Documentary evidence is required when reporting any significant absence.

See also the Senate Office Absence Policy:

<https://www.gla.ac.uk/myglasgow/apg/policies/studentssupport/absencepolicy/>

## **5 Plagiarism and collusion**

The University of Glasgow's degrees and other academic awards are given in recognition of a student's personal achievement. Consequently, **the University takes the issue of plagiarism very seriously.**

The University definition of plagiarism is:

“The incorporation of material without formal and proper acknowledgement (even with no deliberate intent to cheat) can constitute plagiarism. **Work may be considered to be plagiarised if it consists of: a direct quotation; a close paraphrase; an unacknowledged summary of a source; direct copying or transcription**”.



**Students are asked to make themselves familiar with what is meant by plagiarism and how to avoid it** by reading the University of Glasgow Plagiarism web pages: <https://www.gla.ac.uk/myglasgow/sld/plagiarism/>. These will help you understand what plagiarism is and how to avoid it through good academic practice. You are strongly encouraged to explore it and read in more details the University's advice on how to avoid plagiarism; what happens if you plagiarise; how to test yourself; where to seek help; and more advice based on frequently asked questions.

The important principle behind assessment is that it is your ideas and your ability to critically evaluate information that are being assessed, not anyone else's ideas or work. What this means is that any information or ideas which aren't yours must be acknowledged.

It is important you understand what plagiarism is, and how to avoid it, because the University doesn't distinguish between intentional and unintentional plagiarism, so a mistake, poor academic practice or submitting an early draft that you were intending to work on further will all be investigated in the same way and would all be considered plagiarism.

All of the following are against University rules:

- submitting work containing quotes or ideas taken from someone else's work, or similar wording to someone else's work without referencing that other work. Even incomplete acknowledgement or poor referencing can constitute plagiarism
- submitting work written by someone else, but presenting this as your own work
- submitting work extensively composed of reproductions from other sources, even when attributed
- inappropriate collaboration with others (collusion)
- submitting work which has been copied from somewhere else – this also includes where text has been replicated by retyping and
- submitting the same piece of coursework, or a substantial part of the same coursework more than once for the purpose of coursework assessment. This is the case even if this was all your own work initially (this is called 'auto-plagiarism' or 'self-plagiarism') as it could be deriving double credit for a single effort
- submitting work purchased from essay writing services

The number of companies offering essay-writing or proofreading services has increased. These external organisations can trick you into accidentally plagiarising by crossing the boundary from proofreading into rewriting and leading to you submitting work written by someone else.

**The University forbids the use of proofreading and essay-writing companies by students.** You are encouraged to report commercial essay-writing services publicly on University premises to the Senate Office. You should be extra vigilant when asking for assistance from anyone other than a member of University staff.

Note that **coursework submitted for assessment will be automatically scanned for duplicate content** with academic papers and reports, Web articles and blogs, other submissions from University of Glasgow and other institutions, etc. **Any significant text overlaps will be investigated for evidence of plagiarism or collusion.** Collusion and use of online exam-answers sites in exams is also regularly identified. All evidenced cases are referred to the Senate for full investigation (which will delay publication of results), and disciplinary

action can include the question or entire submission being reduced to a grade of zero. **It is in your interest to ensure your work is your own, and does not inappropriately copy from other resources.**

## 6 Reassessment

**In the case of a poor performance in assessed work, a second attempt at the exam components of a course is usually possible at the next available opportunity:** this is usually in August, both for courses whose normal sitting is in December and those for which it is in April/May, but it is possible for a December exam to offer a second opportunity in April/May. In the case of approved Good Cause, the second sitting will be counted as the *first* attempt: a further second attempt will be allowed if within the academic session, and at Exam Board discretion otherwise. **Resits of exams are permitted for any courses in which a grade below C3 was attained at the first attempt** (and will be automatically enrolled in MyCampus for such courses, except those from Engineering where manual enrolment is required on courses with a D grade at first attempt.) **The course (not exam) grade achievable from the second attempt will be capped at a maximum grade of C3** (12 on the 22-point scale), and **only the first-attempt GPA is used to determine Merit or Distinction degree classes.**

**Reassessment is typically not available on coursework elements,** including from the PHYS courses Advanced Data Analysis, NAS11 and 2, and the Radiation Detection Lab. You should check carefully the reassessment status of any courses taken from other schools. Such courses are “high jeopardy”: a failing grade in them cannot be improved by reassessment, and in particular **a grade below F3 in such a course will block progression to the research project and completion of the MSc degree.** Note that unavailability of reassessment may also make it impossible to achieve the MSc progression threshold grade of 12.0 GPA via allowed resits, due to the C3 grade gap.

*SIS students: note that the reassessment rules are different for University of Edinburgh courses: please see Appendix B for details.*

## 7 MSc research project

All MSc students must take the MSc Project course -- either in the School of Physics & Astronomy (PHYS5021P) or an equivalent course in Engineering, Chemistry, or University of Edinburgh Electrical Engineering (for some Quantum Technology, Advanced Functional Materials, and SIS students respectively). **This is a 60-credit project normally carried out in the summer period (June-August).** This course provides students with an opportunity to carry out an extended, in-depth research project embedded within one of an internationally leading research group. Under some circumstances, this project may also be carried out in the premises of specific external partners: **opportunities to apply for external-placement projects will be communicated during the academic year.**

By undertaking the MSc project, students will gain, within a first-class training environment, subject-specific and generic skills that will form an excellent foundation for a career of scientific leadership in academia and industry. The course aims are:

- 1) To provide advanced training and experience in the principles and practice of experimental, computational and/or theoretical (astro-)physics, using advanced instrumentation, methodology and software as appropriate, and in the critical analysis of experimental data.
- 2) To develop problem solving abilities, critical assessment and communication skills, to a level appropriate for a career of leadership in academia or industry
- 3) To employ these skills in preparing and writing a dissertation on an extended and demanding project.
- 4) To encourage students to work effectively, to develop a professional attitude to what they do and to take full responsibility for their own learning.

### How to choose your project?

A list of possible projects will be offered during Semester 1. However, students are strongly encouraged to approach academic staff members to discuss project ideas. Therefore, students should start thinking early on in the year about what particular area of research they would like to work on. **A good starting point is to visit the School's research pages and read about the expertise and interests of members of staff.** A list of MSc projects offered in the past can also be found on the MSc Project Moodle site to give an indication of potential research topics / supervisors. Feel free to approach staff members with specific requests related to the MSc project.

**A list of available project titles will be made available in Semester 1, typically in November, and selection of preferred MSc projects should be completed by students by the end of Semester 1. As it is not usually possible for everyone to get their first-choice project, you are advised to indicate several projects that you are prepared to work on.**

**Allocation of projects will be performed in Semester 2, with allocations typically announced in February. Work on the project will begin on the first Monday after the end of Semester 2, with the PGT Exam Board results which confirm progression to the project typically 2 weeks later.**

### Progression criteria to the MSc project

The conditions for progression to the MSc project are as described in Section 3.2: an overall GPA of at least 12.0 in the programme's taught courses, with at least 75% of the grades at or above 9.0 and no grades below 3.0 (on the 22-point scale). **Masters degrees cannot be awarded where these progression criteria are not met.**

In practice, students start work on their project at the start of June before the examination boards have met (in mid-June), i.e. *before* course grades are published and the final taught course GPA is confirmed. **Some students will hence commence work on their projects but may then find they have not met the progression criteria. Such students will normally be asked to focus on resit examinations — usually in the August exam diet — to improve their performance and meet the progression criteria.** If successful, they will be allowed to carry out their MSc Project at a later time, normally immediately after confirmation that all progression criteria have been fully met.

However, the PGT Exam Board does have discretion to allow “at risk” progression to the project for students who do not quite make the criteria, but who are judged very likely to do so in reassessments. **The PGT Exam Board has adopted an informal rule that students with a GPA between 11.5 and 12.0, and with not more**

**than 30 credits of taught-course (re)assessment required, will normally be allowed to progress (i.e. continue project work) at risk of needing to stop if the formal conditions are not met.** Above-threshold partial results, with remaining course grades pending from investigations and Good Cause deferred assessments may also be considered as “at risk”, since poor grades in the pending results can invalidate progression. Students doing project work at-risk will be given one week of extension on the project deadline per 10 credits of resit exam. Students with a high GPA over partial credit and requiring more than 30 credits of resits may be offered at-risk project progression at the Exam Board’s discretion, but only the normal maximum of 3 weeks project extension will be provided: it will be their choice whether to proceed with the project on schedule or to have more dedicated time to revise for the resit exams. In the case of failed progression after resit exams (normally in the August exam diet and evaluated by an August or September exam-board meeting), project work should immediately cease if not substantially complete, and you should discuss a switch to an appropriate exit qualification with your advisor of studies; see Section 8 for detail). If the project work is substantially complete, you may submit it and it will appear on your transcript but not count toward your exit qualification.

**In the case of a delayed project start, after successful reassessment, a new project and supervisor may need to be assigned. Deferred projects may be assigned to start in September and through Semester 1 or 2, or exceptionally be postponed until the following summer.** As deferred project work will continue into the following academic year, you will be granted “dissertation extension” status by the University, which does not incur any extra tuition fee.

Please note that deferred project work will result in your final grade being returned after the deadline for the normal December graduation ceremony, and so **your graduation will need to occur either via a postal certificate in the spring, or in the next in-person ceremony in June.** Registration to graduate is automatic for the December ceremony, but **you will need to explicitly register for the spring or June graduations:** the teaching support team should be in contact with you in February or April to remind you to register for whichever completion route you prefer.

Project work deferred into Semester 1 of the following academic year will be considered in the Jan/Feb PGT exam board meeting. This comes after the typical end of a 1-year student visa period, but **those who wish to apply for a Graduate Route UK visa, which requires confirmation of completing the MSc degree (note, it must be full completion of the programme originally applied for), will be able to apply for the GV visa in mid-January before their original visa expires, and then stay in the UK until the Exam Board has confirmed successful completion to the visa authority.** If you are in this situation, we recommend discussing with your advisor, with the project coordinators, and with the MSc conveners.

**Project deferral into Semester 2 will usually require a student-visa extension for international students:** if affected, you should discuss with your advisor, with the project coordinators, and with the MSc conveners, as well as the UofG international student-support service, to ensure your work-plan will meet the visa requirements. We are generally able to make this work, but be aware there is a cost if needing to apply for a visa extension.

## **Intended Learning Outcomes**

At the end of the course students should be able to:

- 1) Recover, evaluate and summarise the professional literature and material from other sources concerned with a chosen area of physics or astronomy
- 2) Prepare a written analysis of the current position in the chosen area, which should include a critical comparison of material from the sources he/she has identified and a summary of likely future developments.
- 3) Define, with the help of colleagues and taking into account the time available, a suitable area of work for a project and hence make a preliminary definition of goals to be achieved during the project
- 4) Make an appropriate safety assessment for the work proposed; with the help of colleagues, analyse what experimental/theoretical/computational methods might be necessary to achieve the goals of the project and hence decide how the project tasks should be organised
- 5) Perform the practical part of the investigation, taking due account of experimental errors of measurement and possible assumptions and approximations in analytical and computational work as appropriate
- 6) Revise the goals and strategies for completion of the project in the light of results achieved and difficulties encountered.
- 7) Write a report on an extended piece of project work, which should include a critical evaluation of the significance of the work and how it compares with work done in the same area, both within the local area and as reported in the general scientific literature
- 8) Prepare an abstract of the work performed of length about 250 words in the accepted scientific format.

## Assessment

The MSc project is assessed by:

- submission of formative project logbooks, recording discussions and decisions made with your supervisor, and agreed with them.
- an interim oral presentation demonstrating progress made in the project (20%). The oral presentation will typically be given between weeks 9 and 11 of the project period, in front of academic staff and MSc students.
- the detailed project dissertation, submitted after completion of the project work (40%), i.e. after Week 13 of the project period. The dissertation should be uploaded on the MSc Project Moodle site as a PDF document, and no hard-copy is required to be handed in.
- the student's performance during the project assessed by the project supervisors (40%).

Guidance on how to prepare for the MSc project report and oral presentation is given on the MSc Project Moodle site. Feedback on your performance will normally be given within 15 working days of the relevant assessment component. **Note again that a grade of D3 (9.0) or higher in the project work is required in order to obtain the MSc qualification.**

## 8 MSc completion and non-MSc exit qualifications

Completion of the MSc degree is normally decided in the October PGT Exam Board meeting, after project completion and marking, with graduations in the Winter Ceremony in December. In the case of delayed

project work during Semester 1, the Jan/Feb Exam Board will make the degree-result decision, with the next graduation opportunities in the Spring (postal) and the Summer (in-person) Ceremonies. Between the relevant exam board meeting that confirms MSc completion and the formal graduation with issue of a degree certificate, you will be able to obtain a Higher Education Achievement Record (HEAR), to allow confirmation of degree completion to employers or for further-study applications.

After the April/May exam diet, and again after the August resit exams, **it is sometimes the case that students find they do not have grades which pass the requirements for the MSc, perhaps due to non-reassessable components.** In these cases, any project work that has begun must stop, and you should discuss with your advisor the best options for a non-MSc exit qualification.

The options for this are:

- a **Postgraduate Diploma**, which requires grades given for 120 credits of assessed taught courses (of which at least 90 at M-level), with not less than 80 credits at D3 or higher, and a GPA of at least 9.0
- a **Postgraduate Certificate**, which requires grades given for 60 credits of assessed taught courses (at least 40 at M-level), with not less than 40 at D3 or higher, and a GPA  $\geq$  9.0.

First-attempt GPA thresholds of 14.5 and 17.5 for Merit and Distinction awards apply to the PGDip and PGCert, as for the MSc.

## 9 University complaints procedure

We hope you will be happy in your studies here.

**If things are not going well, then please raise issues of any kind that are affecting your studies. Talk to the MSc Convenor, to teaching staff, or to your Adviser of Studies, as early as you can so that we can help.**

The University is committed to providing an excellent educational experience for our students and high-quality services to all other service users of the University.

The University has a duty to maintain and enhance the quality of its provision and to provide an effective system for handling complaints. The University has a Complaints Procedure which allows complainants to raise matters of concern without fear of disadvantage and in the knowledge that privacy and confidentiality will be respected.

Anyone who has followed the University's Complaints Procedure and remains dissatisfied with the University's final response may seek Independent External Review of their complaint by contacting the Scottish Public Services Ombudsman.

See <https://www.gla.ac.uk/connect/complaints/> for further guidance.

Remember that the Students' Representative Council Advice Centre is available to provide advice and assistance if you are considering making a complaint. (Tel: 0141 339 8541; e-mail: [advice@src.gla.ac.uk](mailto:advice@src.gla.ac.uk))

## 10 School information

### Out-of-hours access

If you wish to enter the Kelvin Building after normal working hours a swipe card for admission can be obtained from Mr Graham Tobasnick, School Superintendent. Students should e-mail Mr Marshall at [john.marshall@glasgow.ac.uk](mailto:john.marshall@glasgow.ac.uk) to request a Kelvin Building out-of-hours access form.

### Student societies

The University of Glasgow Physics Society (“PhySoc”) aims to promote an interest in all things physical. They normally organise events such as "Beer and Donuts" nights, Christmas Ceilidh, Sport Tournaments, a guest lecture series, quotes competition, "women and cakes" coffee event, quiz nights and much more.

Glasgow University Astronomy Society (“astrosoc”) is a student academic society at the University of Glasgow which promotes the science of astronomy through guest lectures and events, and also arranges social events both for astronomy students and for anyone else at Glasgow University who is interested in astronomy. They organise guest lectures and observing evenings throughout the academic year in addition to social events, including a Burns Supper.

## 11 Getting help and advice

The University of Glasgow hosts many student services, including counselling and study advice.

If you need help and advice, you can

- Visit <http://www.gla.ac.uk/students/>
- If you are not sure what service you require or what is available to you, visit the Student Service Enquiry Team (Level 2, Fraser Building), who can help you select the correct service for your enquiry
- Talk to your Advisor of Studies.

### Health and wellbeing

The University of Glasgow Counselling Service supports students to manage their mental health and to build strategies that will help them successfully complete their course of studies. The Service also offers a series of Wellbeing Masterclasses on topics such as managing stress and overcoming procrastination. Please see the web pages at <https://www.gla.ac.uk/myglasgow/counselling/> for up-to-date information and self-referral.

The University of Glasgow Disability Service supports students with disabilities, long-term health and mental health conditions or learning differences, such as dyslexia, to reach their academic potential and experience in full all that the University has to offer. You can find further information, and self-refer, via the web pages at <https://www.gla.ac.uk/myglasgow/disability/> .

# Appendix

---

## Appendix A: course-component details

Depending on which programme you are on, you will be expected to take a combination of compulsory and optional courses. You should refer to the [programme specification documents](#), consult the course catalogue, and discuss with your Advisor of Studies to select your courses.

### Experimental Techniques in Quantum Optics (PHYS5056)

This is a 10-credit M-level course, normally taken in Semester 1, and core for students on the Quantum Technology MSc programme. The scope of this course is to provide an introductory overview to some of the basic techniques that are commonly used in a quantum optics lab.

The course aims are to provide students with an opportunity to develop knowledge and understanding of the key physical principles underpinning widely used techniques in quantum optics. In particular students will cover practical sessions in the following areas:

- 1) generation of entangled photon pairs
- 2) single photon detection techniques and measurement of photon entanglement
- 3) ghost imaging
- 4) Hong-Ou-Mandel interferometry

Lectures will also involve home-reading of original scientific articles that will be assigned during the course. Time slots will then be devoted during each lecture to discuss these articles.

Following the lectures, a series of lab-based experiments will be carried out with the aim of investigating specific aspects of the technologies discussed during the lectures. These will be group-based projects (3-4 students max per project) with the expectation that each group will perform at least 2 out of 4 of the planned experiments.

### *Intended Learning Outcomes*

By the end of this course students will be able to:

1. Describe how the basic elements of a quantum optics experiment work; photon pair generation and single photon detection
2. Describe the basic operating principle of a single photon avalanche diode
3. Describe the physical concepts underlying the Hon-Ou-Mandel interferometer
4. Describe the operating principle of ghost imaging and how to build a ghost imaging setup using both a quantum light source and a classical light source
5. Describe at least one approach to analysing the degree of entanglement between two photons
6. Demonstrate a quantum optics setup which utilises either entangled photon pairs, single photon detection techniques or ghost imaging



7. Describe how the basic elements of a quantum interferometer work, being able to explain the idea of shot noise squeezing.

### **Assessment**

1. Continuous assessment from the students writing up formal records of the 2 out of 4 practical exercises (50%). This will be examined via a short oral examination within the lab session, and looking at the student lab books
2. Dissertation on a research paper which has been introduced during the lecture module (25%)
3. End of course oral examination to test knowledge (25%). This will be marked by academics.

## **Fundamentals of Sensing and Measurement (PHYS5044)**

This is a 20-credit M-level course, normally taken in Semester 1. Students will receive training in fundamental aspects of sensing and transduction across all modalities and the generalised concepts and parameters pertinent for transduction of physical phenomena into an electrical signal. The course will provide instruction in the characteristics of sensing and measurement across domains that will enable students to appraise and select appropriate task-specific sensing and imaging modalities and to be able to design and model high-level systems. The course aims are

- To provide training in fundamental and general concepts in transduction and sensing
- Familiarise the student with the salient characteristics of sensing across the main physical domains of electromagnetism (radio, optical), electrical, magnetic, ionising radiation, gravitational, biological, chemical
- To develop understanding of transduction in electrical signals and signal conditioning
- To provide understanding of the process of imaging with sensing
- To provide training in solving problems associating with sensing and imaging

### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

By the end of this course students will be able to:

- Propose and assess a range of solutions to a sensing and imaging problem against pertinent criteria
- Analyse and evaluate data provided by a range of sensors and imaging systems
- Demonstrate an understanding of the fundamental limitations of a range of sensing and imaging techniques.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the physical origins of phenomena to be measured

### **Assessment**

- Written examination, comprising compulsory short questions and a choice of 1 from 2 long questions (70%)
- Written reports on one problem-based group project and individual project (20%)
- Oral presentation on problem-based project (5%)
- One individual assignment (5%)

### **Intended Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course students will

- be able to demonstrate a knowledge and broad understanding of Circuits and Systems

- be able to describe and analyse quantitatively processes, relationships and techniques relevant to the topics included in the course outline, applying these ideas and techniques to solve general classes of problems which may include straightforward unseen elements
- be able to write down and, where appropriate, either prove or explain the underlying basis of physical laws relevant to the course topics, discussing their applications and appreciating their relation to the topics of other courses taken.

### ***Assessment***

Unseen examination in the main (April / May) exam diet.

### **Note on treatment of failed courses or missed assessments**

When students are enrolled on a specific course from either University, their studies are governed by the regulations of the relevant university. It is therefore important to make yourself fully aware of similarities and differences between the two universities. For example, when it comes to failed courses or missed assessments, students on the MSc in Sensor and Imaging Systems will be treated for Semester 1 courses under Glasgow rules, and for Semester 2 courses under Edinburgh rules. The Glasgow rules only are discussed in the rest of this document.

### **Research Skills (PHYS5015)**

This is a 10-credit M-level course normally taught in Semester 1. It provides students with an opportunity to develop generic scientific writing and presentation skills. It is taken by all students except those on the Quantum Technology MSc programme (which includes a similar course taught in Engineering). The course aims are:

- To develop critical assessment and communication skills, to a level appropriate for a career of leadership in academia or industry
- To employ these skills in preparing and delivering a written report and oral presentation on a chosen research topic
- To encourage students to work effectively, to develop a professional attitude to what they do and to take full responsibility for their own learning.

### ***Intended Learning Outcomes***

At the end of the course students should be able to:

- Recover, evaluate and summarise the professional literature and material from other sources concerned with a chosen research topic in physics or astronomy.
- Prepare an oral presentation summarising the current position in the chosen research topic.
- Prepare a written literature review on the current position in the chosen research topic, which should include a critical comparison of material from the sources he/she has identified and a summary of likely future developments.

## *Assessment*

The assessment of the Research Skills course takes place normally in early January and is split equally between an oral presentation (20 minutes) and a detailed scientific review (approx. 2000 words) on a current research topic in physics or astronomy. Feedback on your performance will normally be given within 15 working days after the report submission deadline / oral presentation.

## **Advanced Data Analysis (PHYS5001)**

This is a 10-credit M-level course, normally taught in Semester 2. This course provides a comprehensive introduction to the principles and practice of advanced data analysis, with particular focus on their application in physics and astronomy and on the growing use of Bayesian Inference methods in these fields. The course aims are:

- To acquire a working knowledge of advanced data analysis methods – i.e. to a level sufficient to permit their successful application to real data analysis problems, as would be encountered in students' own research projects.
- To develop awareness of the current literature on advanced data analysis for the physical sciences, and the software available to support its application to real problems.

## *Intended Learning Outcomes*

At the end of the course students should be able to:

- Describe qualitatively the theoretical foundations of the nature of probability, in the context of both a frequentist and Bayesian framework.
- Define what is meant by a probability density function (pdf), and cumulative distribution function (cdf), as well as various descriptive statistics (e.g. mean, median, mode, moments, variance, covariance) used to characterize pdfs and cdfs.
- Apply the principles of least squares and maximum likelihood to formulate and solve line and curve model fitting problems – using a matrix formulation where appropriate, and adapting the formulation to various cases and approximations (e.g. weighted least squares, correlated errors, non-linear problems).
- Describe and apply the basic concepts of frequentist hypothesis testing, using the chi-squared goodness-of-fit test as an archetypal example.
- Define in a Bayesian context the likelihood, prior and posterior distributions and their role in Bayesian inference and hypothesis testing, contrasting Bayesian and frequentist treatments of hypothesis testing.
- Define the evidence and explain its role in Bayesian model selection, describing several numerical approximations to the evidence and their applicability.
- Describe and apply data compression techniques for analysis of very large data sets, including singular value decomposition and principal component analysis.
- Describe and apply efficient numerical techniques for generating random numbers and performing Monte Carlo simulations, including Markov Chain Monte Carlo methods for parameter estimation and model selection in problems of high dimensionality.

## Assessment

Normally, assessment is split equally between practical exercises and homework assignments, and a final report on the mock data challenge. Feedback on your performance will normally be given within 15 working days of the final report submission.

## Other courses

### UofG courses

In addition to the compulsory courses described above, all students are expected to choose from a range of core or elective courses within the University's Course Catalogue to satisfy the required number of credits and the programme requirements. Students can enrol on a range of courses offered by the School of Physics and Astronomy, as well as other Schools from the College of Science and Engineering, depending on their programme requirements, background experience, and objectives. This can be done via MyCampus. When in doubt, students should discuss their syllabus with their Advisor of Studies.

### SUPA courses

If your individual timetable permits, you can choose from a range of SUPA (Scottish Universities Physics Alliance) postgraduate courses that can be taken by going to the (video-conferencing) SUPA room on level 2 in the Kelvin Building. Although they physically take place in various Scottish Physics departments, anyone can attend thanks to the video-conferencing facilities. Not that most of these courses cannot normally be taken into account in your syllabus towards the necessary 180 credits.

In order to be able to access relevant resources, students should visit the My.SUPA website (<http://my.supa.ac.uk>) and click the 'Request A My.SUPA Account' link at the top of the page. Once account details have been obtained, students need to register with SUPA for the SUPA courses that they are taking. Timetables can be obtained from that website as well.

## Intended learning outcomes

The MSc programmes provide opportunities for students to develop and to demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other graduate attributes as follows.

### Knowledge and understanding

By the end of this programme students will be able to:

- Explain the fundamental theoretical, computational and experimental principles that underpin modern Physics, Engineering, and Technology;
- Explain the key physical principles of some elective topics relevant to research challenges in the chosen areas of study;
- Discuss current research themes in the chosen areas, explaining as appropriate the relevance of advanced mathematical, experimental, computational and data analysis methodology to their study.

## Skills and other attributes

By the end of this programme students will be able to demonstrate:

### *Subject-specific/practical skills*

- Programme straightforward and complex procedures in a high level computer language and use computers to solve physical problems;
- Plan and carry out computational modelling and investigations, using standard and complex or advanced programming or computational techniques, of complex physical systems or processes, demonstrating logic, initiative, planning and decision making skills in solving problems encountered;
- Plan and carry out experimental investigations, using standard and complex or advanced experimental equipment and apparatus, of complex physical systems or processes, demonstrating logic, initiative, planning and decision making skills in solving problems encountered;
- Analyse, interpret and critically evaluate practical data, simulations and models, make a quantitative evaluation of the errors inherent in the physical observables and draw valid conclusions from the results of practical investigations;
- Apply computer software to analyse data and to write scientific reports;
- Recover, evaluate and summarise the professional literature and material from other sources concerned with a chosen area of physics and prepare a written analysis of the current position in the chosen area, which should include a critical comparison of the material and a discussion of likely future developments;
- Plan the course of action required to achieve self-defined goals in an open-ended, extended physics project;
- Make appropriate safety assessments for experimental procedures.

### *Intellectual skills*

- Describe and analyse quantitatively processes, relationships and techniques related to the areas covered in the contributory courses;
- Write down, and where appropriate either prove or discuss the underlying basis of, physical laws related to topics in these areas;
- Analyse critically, and solve using appropriate mathematical tools, advanced or complex problems, which may include unseen elements, related to topics included in the course component outlines;
- Demonstrate a critical awareness of the significance and importance of the topics, methods and techniques discussed in the lectures and their relationship to other concepts in courses which have been taken.

### *Transferable/key skills*

- Give an oral account of practical work performed and conclusions drawn from it;
- Prepare a detailed written report on a practical investigation;
- Apply logical analysis to problem solving;
- Make a preliminary definition of goals to be achieved during open-ended project work and revise these goals and strategies for completion of the work in the light of results achieved and difficulties encountered;
- Write a report on an extended piece of project work, which should include a critical evaluation of the significance of the work, and how it compares with earlier work done in the same area;
- Prepare an abstract of practical or project work performed in the accepted scientific format;

- Prepare and present audio-visual presentations and posters summarizing the results of a project;
- Appreciate open problems typical of business situations;
- Interact positively with colleagues in a group context;
- Apply team-working skills to address a complex physics problem and contribute significantly to the work of a group tackling such a problem, combining their own work constructively with the work of others;
- Contribute to the management of a group engaged in project work;
- Combine with colleagues to prepare and deliver a presentation and report of group work.

## Content delivery

Each MSc programme in Physics & Astronomy contains a combination of compulsory and elective (optional) lecture courses. Lecture courses are either 10 or 15 credits and comprise 18 or 27 contact hours respectively. Most Astronomy lecture courses are 15 credits whereas most Physics courses are 10 credits. In addition, students studying for the MSc in Sensor and Imaging Systems will take 20-credit courses that will include a range of contact hours. Courses are normally either at Masters level (M-level) or at Honours level (H-level). M-level courses are of a higher standard and provide a deeper level of knowledge.

The programmes will draw upon a wide range of approaches to learning and teaching:

### *Knowledge and understanding*

- Lectures and class tutorials
- Small group supervisions
- Practical and project work
- Private study

### *Intellectual skills*

- Lectures and class tutorials
- Small group supervisions
- Practical work, including IT laboratory
- Private study

### *Subject-specific/practical skills*

- Practical work, including IT laboratory
- Individual and group project work

### *Transferable/key skills*

- Extended theoretical project
- Small group supervisions

## Assessment

The programmes will employ a wide range of assessment methods:

### *Knowledge and understanding*

- Written examinations

- Verbal and written reports of practical and IT work
- Multiple choice questions

### *Intellectual skills*

- Written examinations
- Verbal and written reports of practical and IT work
- Multiple choice questions

### *Subject-specific/practical skills*

- Verbal and written reports of practical and IT work
- Verbal, written and poster presentations of project work

### *Transferable/key skills*

- Verbal and written reports of practical and IT work
- Oral and written presentations of Group project work, and assessments by supervisors
- Written and poster presentations of project work, and assessment by supervisors

Students will be awarded separate results for each lecture, laboratory, workshop or project course on the University 22-point scale. Results for all contributing courses will be averaged, weighted by the appropriate number of course credits, in order to determine the overall result for each student's degree programme. The credit-weighted averaging of individual course grades will be calculated using numerical values (on the 22-pt scale) taken to one decimal place.

Extensive information about assessment, and a guide to understanding the marking system, are provided at <http://www.gla.ac.uk/services/senateoffice/policies/assessment/codeofassessment/>. In addition, students are strongly encouraged to refer to the definitive version of the Code of Assessment published in the University Regulations in Section 16 of the Fees and General Information Section (see link above).

## **Appendix B: Students on the Sensor & Imaging Systems MSc programme**

The SIS MSc degree is jointly awarded by the University of Glasgow (UofG) and the University of Edinburgh (UoE). **The degree certificate will be issued by UofG in its standard form, with text and a vice-chancellor's signature confirming that UofE is a co-awarding institution.** No variation from this form is possible within the UofG certificate-layout system.

### **Courses at University of Edinburgh**

Students on the SIS programme should enrol on their Semester 2 classes once they have registered at the University of Edinburgh and will meet their personal tutor from Edinburgh at the start of Semester 2. Best efforts will be made to enable all students access to the full set of advertised elective (optional) courses at UoE, but space constraints and the involvement of several teaching departments mean that some last-minute changes to elective availability may occur.

Courses at UoE are scored on a percentage scale, and reported to UofG in time for the PGT Exam Board (including the UoE SIS Convener) to deliberate before results are published. The percentage grades are converted to the UofG 22-point scale using a conversion scheme as noted in the degree regulations at [https://www.gla.ac.uk/media/Media\\_124293\\_smx.pdf](https://www.gla.ac.uk/media/Media_124293_smx.pdf).

## Project selection

Roughly half of SIS students will do their research-project work at UoE, and half at UofG. Priority assignment to UoE projects will be given to students with a compelling logistical requirement to be based in Edinburgh: this decision will be based on necessity and should be evidenced as far as possible, rather than simply a preference (which we do not have capacity to fully satisfy). **Project-hosting requirements should be declared to the project coordinators as soon as possible in S1, and absolutely before the end of October.**

Edinburgh-hosted projects will be advertised and bid for via the same system as for UofG ones described in Section 7 of this document, but due to differences in how the departments operate, only topic keywords will be provided as descriptions on Edinburgh projects, and **students are asked *not* to contact Edinburgh-based potential supervisors in advance.**

## Project progression and postponement

As with the project work on other MSc programmes, work on SIS projects at Glasgow and Edinburgh will begin at the start of June, in advance of the mid-June PGT Exam Board. As with the others, this also means that continuation of the project is dependent on achieving the MSc GPA and credit requirements. Failing these requirements will require reassessment or, in more extreme cases where MSc completion is no longer possible (see Reassessment below), direct switch to an alternative exit qualification without the project component. **More substantial volumes of reassessment will, as for other programmes, result in project work being postponed until either September or the following summer, and potentially a change of project supervisor, topic, and Glasgow/Edinburgh hosting.**

## Reassessment

Reassessment of courses at Edinburgh requires special discussion. **No Edinburgh courses allow reassessment, and instead courses with first-attempt grades below D3 (note, not less than C3 as for Glasgow courses) may have their grade replaced by an average score in lieu of a second attempt.** The GPA of all courses at first attempt will be used as this replacement average score. Grade substitution is only permitted if a) 80 credits of courses do have a grade of D3 or better, and b) the replacement GPA is itself at D3 or better. **As with Glasgow-course second attempts, the grade obtained via substitution will be capped at C3.**

Note that again, the possibility that Edinburgh-course grades cannot be improved upon due to the restrictions on grade substitution means that **a poor performance in first-attempt courses, particularly but not limited to Edinburgh courses, may make progression to the MSc degree (and even the exit qualifications) impossible.**