A Brief History

The University of Glasgow was founded by Pope Nicholas V in a letter dated 7 January 1451 and authenticated with a lead seal or 'bull'. It erected a *studium generale* or university for all future time in Glasgow – in theology, canon and civil law, in arts and in all lawful faculties with all the privileges, liberties, honours, exemptions and immunities enjoyed by the *studium* at Bologna, Italy, and it is still the authority by which the University awards degrees. Although the letter states that it was issued at the request of King James II, the real founder of the University was William Turnbull, Bishop of Glasgow from 1447 to 1454. With experience of St Andrews and several continental universities, he no doubt expected that a university would enhance the reputation of his diocese and provide much needed education for his clergy.

Like other universities of the time, only undergraduate Arts degrees were available. The Master of Arts was awarded after five years of study in Latin, Greek, Logic, Moral Philosophy, Natural Philosophy (Physics) and/or Mathematics. At first the teaching was by regents who took their charges through the whole course of study. A Bachelor of Arts could be obtained after three years' study, providing a licence to teach, but only Masters of Arts were officially members of the University with a right to vote at the election of the Chancellor. Students studying in Arts were divided according to their place of birth into four nations originally Clydesdale, Teviotdale, Albany and Rothesay. These students, known as *togati* or gowned, voted for the Rector by their nation, a practice which was not abolished until 1977. Few students chose to study in higher faculties and in practice there was only teaching in Theology and Canon Law. These were known as *non-togati*, as they were not required to wear the undergraduate red gown since they were supposed to have already graduated, but not necessarily at Glasgow.

Throughout its first century, the University enjoyed a close affinity with the Cathedral, being located near by, and was part of the efforts to reform the church by improving the education of both the clergy and laity. Education was also dear to the heart of the Protestant reformers, who believed that the University should fulfil a similar role but with more emphasis on the training of parochial schoolmasters. However, they failed to provide any endowments and it was not until Andrew Melville (1545–1622) became Principal in 1574 that the problem was addressed. He reformed the curriculum by placing greater emphasis on liberal arts and made the teaching of Greek and Hebrew more stable. In so doing he attracted more students, which enabled him to secure a new charter from James VI in 1577. Known as the *Nova Erectio*, this provided an endowment (albeit leased from the Crown) and established the mode of governance for almost 300 years. The Principal, who was to be an ordained minister and to teach Divinity, was placed in overall charge of the University's affairs. Three regents were to be subject to his authority and were to teach a

definite group of subjects, Greek and Rhetoric; Dialectic, Morals and Politics; and Arithmetic and Geometry. Although the professor with a chair in a specific discipline was to grow out of this innovation, it proved difficult to sustain and the old system of unspecified regenting was reintroduced in 1642 and continued until 1727.

Despite this setback, the quality and range of teaching improved. A bold decision was taken to erect a new building around two quadrangles facing the High Street. Work began in 1631 and continued as money allowed through the difficult times of the civil war. A donation of £200, promised by Charles I, was honoured by Oliver Cromwell. The handsome new buildings were virtually complete by the time of the restoration of the monarchy in 1660 when the royal coat of arms was added above the main entrance.

In more settled times the University grew quickly from some 150 students in 1660 to 400 by 1702. In the course of the next thirty years, seven professorships were either created or restored, often with endowments from the Crown, as part of a wider programme of university reform. Teaching in Medicine, which had been briefly attempted between 1637 and 1646, was revived in 1714 and the Faculty of Medicine came to embrace all the life sciences, Botany, Zoology and Chemistry. For the first time since the Reformation, Law became a recognised faculty with its own regius professor.

Under the terms of the Act of Uniformity all professors and graduates were required to sign the Westminster Confession. There were, however, no religious tests at matriculation and students from a variety of confessional backgrounds attended the University. Tests on graduation seem to have been abandoned by the end of the eighteenth century and those for professors were finally abolished in 1853.

Although there was no barrier to matriculation, few students took the trouble as there was no need unless they wished to graduate, vote in a rectorial election, or use the library. Attendance at lectures was recorded by the individual regents or professors, who issued class tickets for satisfactory performance and awarded most prizes. In 1717, the professors disenfranchised the students of their rights to vote at rectorials. The students resisted and their rights were restored in 1726, but professors continued to vote until 1858. In 1727, three of the nations were renamed. Clydesdale, Teviotdale and Albany became Glottiana, Loudonina and Transforthiana.

By the end of the eighteenth century there was increasing tension between the 'Faculty' which consisted of the Principal (also holder of the Chair of Divinity) and the twelve other professors appointed before 1761. Holders of chairs created thereafter by the Crown were only considered to be members of Senate and therefore had no role in the governance of the University. The treatment of some of these new appointments by the Faculty was shameful. They were denied the use of the best classrooms and in one case of even a blackboard. Despite public disagreement, it was not until 1858 that an Act of Parliament abolished the Faculty and replaced it with the University Court composed of lay members whose main responsibility was the oversight of the fabric and finances. This

legislation also made matriculation compulsory for the first time for all students irrespective of faculty and restricted the franchise in rectorial elections to the students. The Rector *ex officio* was to chair the Court. The distinction between *togati* and *non-togati* students was also abolished and the General Council was set up, comprising members of the University Court, professors and graduates. The Students Representative Council was not given formal recognition until the Universities (Scotland) Act of 1889.

By the 1840s the buildings in the High Street were no longer adequate and the whole area had become run down as the city had expanded westwards. After an abortive attempt to move to Woodlands Hill in the late 1840s, the University finally left its original home for a splendid new edifice on Gilmorehill in the west end in 1870. It had been foreseen that the move would impact on clinical teaching and funds were also raised to build a new hospital, the Western Infirmary, on adjacent ground. In 1889, under a new Act of Parliament, the balance of responsibilities between the Court and Senate was altered and the professors became fully salaried instead of depending for much of their income on class fees. One consequence of this legislation was that in 1892 all Scottish universities were permitted to admit women and consequently Queen Margaret College merged with the University. In the following year the Science Faculty was established independent of both Arts and Medicine. Engineering was part of the Science Faculty until it became a separate faculty in 1923.

The Faculty of Medicine was enlarged in 1947 to include the two independent medical schools, St Mungo's College and Anderson's College of Medicine, along with the Glasgow Dental School. The following year Glasgow Veterinary College also joined the Medical Faculty, eventually becoming the Faculty of Veterinary Medicine in 1966. A new Act of Parliament, the Universities (Scotland) Act of 1966, gave Scottish universities much greater autonomy in the content and design of courses. Eleven years later the Faculty of Social Science was created out of the Faculty of Arts. The Law Faculty was renamed Law and Financial Studies in 1984. The Faculty of Education was established in 1999 when St Andrew's College of Education merged with the University. The Faculty of Science was again restructured in 2000 to form three new faculties, Biomedical and Life Sciences, Physical Sciences, and Computing Science, Mathematics and Statistics.

The Constitution

The University of Glasgow was founded by Papal Bull in 1451, however, its modern constitutional framework derives from the Universities (Scotland) Acts 1858 to 1966. These Acts make provision for the main statutory bodies and officers: the Court, the Senate, the General Council; the Chancellor, the Principal and Vice Chancellor, and the Rector, and set out the powers and duties of those statutory bodies, as well as specifying their composition. From 1858 until 1966 the instruments by which the University exercised its powers were Ordinances. These were drafted by the University but given legal authority by the Privy Council after approval by the General Councils of the other Scottish Universities. The Universities (Scotland) Act of 1966 gave the power to make legal instruments back to the Universities themselves – these being known as Resolutions. The University Court issues the Resolutions having consulted widely with the University community. In a few restricted areas, mainly of constitutional import, Ordinances are still required.

Officers of the University

Chancellor

Sir William Kerr Fraser GCB MA LLD FRSE

(elected 1996)

Rector

Mr Greg Hemphill MA

(elected 2001)

Principal

Professor Sir Graeme Davies BE MA PhD ScD LLD DMET DSc DENG CENG FIM FIMECHE FRSA CBIM HONFRS(NZ) HONFTCL FRENG FRSE

Vice-Chancellor

The Principal

Vice-Principals

Professor Peter H Holmes BVMS PhD MRCVS FRSE

Vice-Principal Research (app 1997)

Dr Ronald V Emanuel BSc PhD CCHEM FRSC

Vice-Principal Learning and Teaching (app 1998)

Professor Malcolm D McLeod MA BLITT FRSE

Vice-Principal External Relations and Marketing (app 1999)

Professor Christopher D Morris BA DIPED MIFA FSA

Vice-Principal Staffing (app 2000)

Professor Robin E Leake MA DPHIL

Vice-Principal Estates (app 2001)

Dean of Faculties

Professor Sir James Armour

Secretary of the University Court

Mr Dugald M Mackie MA FRSA

Clerk of Senate

Professor Joseph M Thomson LLB FRSE (elected 2001)

Director of Finance

Mr Michael G S Yuille BAcc CA

Director of Information Services

Mr Christopher A Rusbridge BSc ARCS CEng

Acting Director of Library Services

Mrs Christine A Bailey MA DipLib ALA

Clerk to the General Council

Mr J Michael Black BA

Deans of Faculties

Arts - Professor John M Caughie MA

Biomedical and Life Sciences – Professor John R Coggins MA, PhD, FRSE

Computing Science, Mathematics and Statistics – Professor Ian Ford BSc PhD

Divinity – Professor David Jasper MA BD PhD

Education – Dr Hirek S Kwiatkowski MA MEd PhD

Engineering - Professor John W Hancock BSc PhD

Law & Financial Studies - Professor Neil Garrod BSc PhD ACIS

Medicine – Professor Michael Farthing DSc MD FRCP FMedSci

Postgraduate Medicine – vacant

Dental Education – Professor David Wray BDS MD MB ChB FDS RCPS FDSRCSEd FMedSci

Physical Sciences - Professor Geoffrey Webb PhD DSc CChem FRSC FRSE

Social Sciences – Professor Anton Muscatelli MA PhD FRSA

Veterinary Medicine – Professor Andrea M Nolan MVB PhD MRCVS DVA DipECVA DepEUCPT

University Court

	Term Expires
Ex Officio The Rector – Mr Greg Hemphill MA	March 2004
The Principal – Professor Sir Graeme Davies BE MA PhD ScD LLD DMET DSc DENG CENG FIM FIMECHE FRSA CBIM HonFRS(NZ) HonFTCL FRENG FRSE	
Assessor of the City of Glasgow Council Mr Eamon Fitzgerald	
Chancellor's Assessor Dr John Hannah Forbes Macpherson CBE OSTJ CA DUniv	Dec 2001
Assessors of the General Council Mr Alistair J Mack MB CHB MSC FRCS (EDIN,GLAS)	June 2002
Mr Michael J Sandford MBA RD FRICS	June 2002
Mr Henry Stewart Adams MA BSc MPhil	July 2004
Mr Norman Berry	July 2004
Mr Ronald Gibson Graham CBE MA LLB	July 2004
Assessors of the Senate Professor Graham D Caie MA PhD FEA FRSA English Language	July 2002
Dr Jocelyn W Dow BSc PhD IBLS – Biochemistry and Molecular Biology	July 2003
Professor Andrew S Nash BVMS PhD CBIOL FIBIOL DIPECVIM MRCVS Veterinary Clinical Studies	July 2003
Professor John I Sewell PhD DSc CENG FIEE FIEEE Electronics and Electrical Engineering	July 2004
Dr Judy Wilkinson MA PhD Electronics and Electrical Engineering	July 2004
Dr Geoffrey Moores BSc PhD IBLS – Undergraduate School	July 2005
Professor David A Watt BSc PhD DIPCOMPSCI MBCS Computing Science	July 2005

Term Expires

President of the Students' Representative Council

Assessor of the Students' Representative Council

Employee Representatives

vacant

Dr Alastair Hunter May 2003

Theology and Religious Studies

Co-opted

Dr Robert Gemmill MA DUniv FIMC CMC	Dec 2001
Ms Kate Phillips	Mar 2002
Mr Craig Reedie CBE, MA, LLB	Oct 2004
Mrs Joy Travers LLB CA ATII	Nov 2004
Mr Scott Cairns BA FRICS	Dec 2005

Secretary

Mr Dugald M Mackie MA FRSA

(Seven members constitute a quorum.)

Senate

President of the Senate

The Principal, Professor Sir Graeme Davies BE MA PhD ScD LLD DMET DSc DENG CENG FIM FIMECHE FRSA CBIM HONFRS(NZ) HONFTCL FRENG FRSE

Clerk of Senate

Professor Joseph M Thomson LLB FRSE

Other Members of the Senate

The Senate is now too large for the traditional list of members to be included here. For details, please consult: http://senate.gla.ac.uk

Head of the Senate Office

Dr Jack Aitken BA PhD

Emeritus Staff

The list of Emeritus Staff is currently being updated and will appear in future editions of the *Calendar*.

Academic Dress Code

The proper academic dress for the officers and members of the University is as follows:

GOWNS

Undergraduates: Scarlet cloth, with full sleeves half the length of the

gown. A difference indicating the Faculty may be worn in the form of a narrow band of silk on the breast of each side of the gown of the colour of the hood-lining proper to the lowest degree in the

Faculty.

Bachelors: Black stuff, with open pointed sleeves reaching to the

foot of the gown. Bachelors who are Masters of Arts wear a master's gown with the hood proper to their

bachelor's degree.

Masters: Black silk or stuff, with cord and button on the yoke

and closed sleeves (with horizontal arm-slit) reaching to the foot of the gown and ending in a crescentshaped cut (the points of the crescent facing back).

Doctors: All Doctors' gowns should be worn with the proper

hood.

Higher Doctorates:

Undress: Black silk or stuff, with a collar falling over the yoke and full sleeves half the length of the gown.

Full dress: Scarlet cloth, faced with silk of the colour of the hood-lining proper to the degree, with cord and button on the yoke and open pointed sleeves reaching to the fact of the govern

to the foot of the gown.

Doctors of Philosophy:

Undress: Black silk or stuff, with a collar falling over the yoke and full sleeves half the length of the gown.

Full Dress: The same, with the addition of facings of crimson silk.

Doctorates of Medicine, Dental Surgery and Practitioner Doctorates:

Undress: Black silk or stuff, with a collar falling over the yoke and full sleeves half the length of the gown.

Full dress: The same, with the addition of facings of silk the colour of the hood-lining proper to the degree.

Chancellor: Black watered silk, with long closed sleeves and square

collar, trimmed with gold lace and gold frogs.

Rector: Black cloth, with square collar and full-length cape-

like sleeves: five gold bands on each sleeve.

Vice-Chancellor: Black watered silk, with long closed sleeves and square

collar, trimmed with silver lace and silver frogs.

Depute Vice-Chancellor: Black watered silk, with long closed sleeves with sleeve

cuts trimmed with ½" silver oakleaf lace and facings and square collar trimmed with 1" silver oakleaf lace.

Principal: Purple silk, with open sleeves, facings of black silk

and a border of purple velvet.

Dean of Faculties: Black silk, with square velvet collar, full-length cape-

like sleeves and velvet frogs.

Members of the University Court: The Secretary of Court and past and

present members of the University Court may be distinguished by the wearing of frogs on the sleeves

of their gowns.

HOODS

All hoods are of the 'full' shape.

Bachelors

Bachelor of Accountancy (BAcc.): Black stuff, lined with slate grey silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Animal Health (BAH): Black stuff, lined with terracotta silk, and trimmed inside the top edge with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Arts (BA): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with purple silk (colour of bell heather, *Erica cinerea*), and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Community Education and Community Development (BComm.Ed.Comm.Dev.) Black stuff, lined with sky blue silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Dental Surgery (BDS): Black stuff, lined with emerald green silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Divinity (BD): Black stuff, lined with light cherry silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Education (BEd) in Primary Education: Black stuff, lined with blue silk (colour of bluebell of Scotland, *Campanula rotundifolia*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Engineering (BEng): Black stuff, lined with plum coloured silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Engineering Studies (BES): Black stuff, lined with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Financial and Legal Studies (BFLS): Black stuff, lined with slate grey silk, and trimmed inside the top edge with venetian red silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of International Business Administration (BIBA): Black stuff, lined with orange silk (colour of Slender St John's Wort, *Hypericum pulchrum*), and trimmed inside the top edge with purple silk (colour of bell heather, *Erica cinerea*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Laws (LLB): Black stuff, lined with venetian red silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Medical Science (BMedSci): Black stuff, lined with scarlet silk, and trimmed inside the top edge with emerald green silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Medicine, Bachelor of Surgery (MBChB): Black stuff, lined with scarlet silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Music (BMus): Black stuff, lined with azure blue silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Nursing (BN): Black stuff, lined with cornflower blue silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Science (BSc): Black stuff, lined with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Technological Education (BTechEd): Black stuff, lined with plum coloured silk, and trimmed inside the top edge with blue silk (colour of bluebell of Scotland, *Campanula rotundifolia*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Theology (BTheol): Black stuff, lined with light cherry silk, and trimmed inside the top edge with blue silk (colour of bluebell of Scotland, *Campanula rotundifolia*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Veterinary Medicine and Surgery (BVMS): Black stuff, lined with terracotta silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Note: Bachelors who are also Masters may wear Bachelors' hoods of silk.

Masters

Master of Accountancy (MAcc): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with slate grey silk.

Master of Arts (MA): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with purple silk (colour of bell heather, *Erica cinerea*).

MA (Social Sciences): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with purple silk (colour of bell heather, *Erica cinerea*).

Master of Business Administration (MBA): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with orange silk (colour of Slender St John's Wort, *Hypericum pulchrum*).

Master of Community Care (MCC): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with sky blue silk.

Master of Education (MEd): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with blue silk (colour of bluebell of Scotland, *Campanula rotundifolia*).

Master of Engineering (MEng): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with plum coloured silk.

Master of Laws (LLM): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with venetian red silk.

Master of Letters (MLitt): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with white silk.

MM (Master of Midwifery): Black silk or stuff, lined with cornflower blue silk and edged with white silk.

Master of Music (MMus): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with azure blue silk.

Master of Nursing (MN): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with cornflower blue silk.

¹ The MA, MEng and MSci are first degrees in the University of Glasgow.

Master of Philosophy (MPhil): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with white silk.

Master of Public Health (MPH): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

Master of Research (MRes.): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

Master in Science (MSci.): Black silk or stuff, lined with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*) and edged with scarlet silk.

Master of Science (MSc): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

MSc (Adult & Continuing Education): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

Master of Social Work (MSW): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with sky blue silk.

Master of Theology (MTh): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with light cherry silk.

Master of Veterinary Medicine (MVM): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with terracotta silk.

Doctors

Higher Doctorates:

Doctor of Divinity (DD): Scarlet cloth, lined with white silk.

Doctor of Laws (LLD): Scarlet cloth, lined with venetian red silk.

Doctor of Letters (DLitt): Scarlet cloth, lined with purple silk (colour of bell heather, *Erica cinerea*).

Doctor of Music (DMus): Scarlet cloth, lined with azure blue silk.

Doctor of Science (DSc): Scarlet cloth, lined with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

Doctor of Science (DSc) in Dentistry: Scarlet cloth, lined with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

Doctor of Science (DSc) in Engineering: Scarlet cloth, lined with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

Doctor of Science (DSc) in Medicine: Scarlet cloth, lined with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

¹ The MA, MEng and MSci are first degrees in the University of Glasgow.

Doctor of Veterinary Medicine and Surgery (DVMS): Scarlet cloth lined and edged with terracotta silk.

Doctor of Veterinary Medicine (DVM): Scarlet cloth, lined with terracotta silk.

Doctor of Veterinary Surgery (DVS): Scarlet cloth, lined with terracotta silk.

Doctors of Philosophy:

Doctor of Philosophy (PhD): Black silk, lined and edged with crimson silk.

Doctors of Medicine and Doctors of Dental Surgery:

Doctor of Dental Surgery (DDS): Black silk, lined and edged with emerald green silk.

Doctor of Medicine (MD): Black silk, lined and edged with scarlet silk.

Practitioner Doctorates:

Doctor of Clinical Psychology (DClinPsy): Black silk, lined and edged with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

Degrees no longer awarded

Bachelors Degrees no longer awarded:

Bachelor of Law (BL): Black stuff, bordered on the inside with venetian red silk.

Masters Degrees no longer awarded:

Master of Applied Science (MAppSci): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

Master of Dental Surgery (MDS): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with emerald green silk.

MSc (Dental Science): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*).

Master of Surgery (ChM): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with scarlet silk.

Master of University Administration (MUnivAdmin): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with orange silk (colour of Slender St John's Wort, *Hypericum pulchrum*).

Higher Doctorates no longer awarded:

Doctor of Engineering (DEng): Scarlet cloth lined and edged with plum coloured silk.

Doctor of Dental Science (DDSc): Scarlet cloth lined with emerald green silk and edged with yellow silk.

Doctor of Medicine (MD): Scarlet cloth, lined with scarlet silk (for awards made up to and including July 2001).

Doctor of Dental Surgery (DDS): Scarlet cloth lined with emerald green silk (for awards made up to and including July 2001).

Other Degrees no longer awarded:

Licentiate in Theology: Academic Dress for this award was agreed by Senate in March 1965. Bachelors gown with a black 'epitoge' edged with silk the colour of the BD Hood (light cherry) worn over the left shoulder.

Honorary and Official Degrees

1. The following degrees may also be conferred *honoris causa*:

Doctor of Divinity (DD)

Doctor of Laws (LLD)

Doctor of Letters (DLitt)

Doctor of Music (DMus)

Doctor of Science (DSc)

Master of Arts (MA)

Master of Engineering (MEng)

Master of Science (MSc)

Doctor of Veterinary Medicine and Surgery (DVMS)

2. *Honoris causa*: The following degrees may only be conferred *honoris causa*:

Doctor of the University (DUniv): Scarlet cloth lined with black silk with 1" gold ribbon on the outside edge, with cord and button on the yoke and open pointed sleeves reaching to the foot of the gown.

Doctor of Engineering (DEng): Scarlet cloth lined and edged with plum coloured silk.

3. *Iure officii*: The following degrees may be conferred *iure officii* on any Professor or recognised Teaching Officer or Research Officer of the University of Glasgow or of a recognised institution who is not already a University graduate:

Master of Arts (MA)

Bachelor of Science (BSc)

Master of Science (MSc) or the Degree of Master of Science (Science education) or

the Degree of Master of Science (Medical Science) or the Degree of Master of Science (Veterinary Science)

No other degrees may be conferred iure officii.

4. Regulations for Honorary and Official degrees:

- 4.1 The Senate shall annually appoint a Committee to be called the Committee on Honorary Degrees, consisting of the Principal and other such members of the Senate as the Senate shall from time to time determine. It shall be the duty of the Committee to select persons to be recommended to the Senate for the conferment of the Honorary Degrees listed above and to present its recommendations to the Senate.
- 4.2 No resolution to confer any Honorary Doctor's Degree shall be moved in the Senate except upon special notice given after a fortnight has elapsed from the date when the recommendation was presented.
- 4.3 The Committee on Honorary Degrees may, at any time during the academic year, select persons to be recommended to the Senate for the conferment of the Honorary and Official Degrees listed above and present its recommendations to the Senate.
- 4.4 A resolution to confer any Honorary Master's Degree or Official Degree may be moved at the same meeting of the Senate at which the recommendation has been presented.
- 4.5 The conferment upon any person of an Honorary or Official Degree shall not of itself qualify that person to become a candidate for any other Degree or Diploma.
- 4.6 No application from or on behalf of any person desirous of receiving any Honorary or Official Degree shall be entertained.

Degrees awarded in conjunction with Glasgow School of Art

Bachelor of Architecture (BArch): Black stuff, lined with lime-coloured silk (colour of the lime flower, *Tilia europaea*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Arts (BA) in Design at the Glasgow School of Art: Black stuff, lined on the right with malachite green silk and on the left with swiss white silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Arts (BA) in Fine Art at the Glasgow School of Art: Black stuff, lined on the right with malachite green silk and on the left with swiss white silk and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Master of Architecture (MArch): Black silk or stuff, lined and edged with lime coloured silk (colour of the lime flower, *Tilia europaea*).

Master of Design (MDes) at the Glasgow School of Art: Black silk or stuff, lined and edged on the right with malachite green silk and on the left with swiss white silk.

Master of Fine Art (MFA) at the Glasgow School of Art: Black silk or stuff, lined and edged on the right with malachite green silk and on the left with swiss white silk.

See also Degrees in Product Design Engineering

Degrees awarded in conjunction with the Scottish Agricultural College (SAC)

Bachelor of Science (BSc) in Applied Plant and Animal Science: Black stuff, lined with gold-coloured silk (colour of whin blossom, *Ulex europaeus*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Technology (BTechnol) in Agriculture (previously Food Production and Land Use): Black stuff, lined on the right with green silk (colour of Bottle Sedge, *Carex rostrata*) and on the left with blue silk (colour of Vipers Bugloss, *Echium vulgare*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Technology (BTechnol) in Countryside Management: Black stuff, lined on the right with green silk (colour of Bottle Sedge, *Carex rostrata*) and on the left with blue silk (colour of Vipers Bugloss, *Echium vulgare*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Technology (BTechnol) in Food Technology (previously Food Production, Manufacturing and Marketing): Black stuff, lined on the right with green silk (colour of Bottle Sedge, *Carex rostrata*) and on the left with blue silk (colour of Vipers Bugloss, *Echium vulgare*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Technology (BTechnol) in Leisure and Recreation Management: Black stuff, lined on the right with green silk (colour of Bottle Sedge, *Carex rostrata*) and on the left with blue silk (colour of Vipers Bugloss, *Echium vulgare*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Bachelor of Technology (BTechnol) in Rural Recreation and Tourism Management: Black stuff, lined on the right with green silk (colour of Bottle Sedge, *Carex rostrata*) and on the left with blue silk (colour of Vipers Bugloss, *Echium vulgare*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord.

Degrees awarded in conjunction with the Royal Scottish Academy of Music and Drama (RSAMD)

(The RSAMD obtained degree awarding powers in 1994 and degrees are now awarded directly by the Academy)

Bachelor of Education (BEd) in Music: Black stuff, lined with blue silk (colour of bluebell of Scotland, *Campanula rotundifolia*) and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord. [Discontinued]

Bachelor of Arts (BA) in Dramatic Studies: black silk or stuff, lined and edged with purple silk (colour of bell heather, *Erica cinerea*, and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord. [Discontinued]

Bachelor of Arts (BA) in Musical Studies: black silk or stuff, lined and edged with purple silk (colour of bell heather, *Erica cinerea*, and bordered on the outer edge with scarlet cord. [Discontinued]

Students' Representative Council

The Academic Dress for Officers of the Students' Representative Council is:

SRC President and Senior Vice-President: Purple silk or stuff, faced with crimson silk, with golden cord and button on the yoke, full sleeves half the length of the gown and badges.

SRC Past-President: Purple silk or stuff, faced with crimson silk, with silver cord and button on the yoke, full sleeves half the length of the gown and badges.

Members of the SRC Executive: Purple silk or stuff, faced with a narrow band of black silk or stuff, with silver cord and button on the yoke, full sleeves half the length of the gown and badges.

SRC Court Assessor: Dark red silk or stuff, with golden cord and button on the yoke, with full sleeves, half the length of the gown.

Ceremonial Dress

All members of the University taking part in University ceremonies wear their proper academic dress and dark clothes, with white bow-tie for men. Caps are worn or carried.

Caps: Undergraduates, Bachelors, Masters, Doctors of Philosophy and Practitioner Doctors wear the black cloth trencher cap with tassel. Higher Doctors wear the black velvet 'John Knox' cap. The Chancellor and the Rector wear a black velvet trencher cap trimmed with gold lace and with a gold tassel, the Vice-Chancellor a black velvet trencher cap trimmed with silver lace and with a silver tassel.

Dress for Graduands

At graduation ceremonies, graduands, whether they are already graduates or not, wear the full dress gown, and carry the hood, proper to the degree which they are about to receive. No other gown or hood should be worn.

The dress to be worn at graduation ceremonies is:

For men: Dark trousers and jacket or suit with white shirt, black shoes or boots, and unpatterned black tie; National or military dress may be worn.

For women: Dark trousers, skirt or suit with white blouse, or white or dark dress; dark shoes; tie, if worn, to be black. National or military dress may be worn.