# DAC List of ODA Recipients

**Effective for reporting on 2018, 2019 and 2020 flows**

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Least Developed Countries** | **Other Low Income Countries** | **Lower Middle Income Countries** | **Upper Middle Income Countries** |
|  | **and Territories** | **and Territories** |
| (per capita GNI <= $1 005 in 2016) | (per capita GNI $1 006-$3 955 | (per capita GNI $3 956-$12 235 |
|  | in 2016) | in 2016) |
| Afghanistan | Democratic People's Republic of Korea | Armenia | Albania |
| Angola1 | Zimbabwe | Bolivia | Algeria |
| Bangladesh |  | Cabo Verde | Antigua and Barbuda2 |
| Benin |  | Cameroon | Argentina2 |
| Bhutan |  | Congo | Azerbaijan |
| Burkina Faso |  | Côte d'Ivoire | Belarus |
| Burundi |  | Egypt | Belize |
| Cambodia |  | El Salvador | Bosnia and Herzegovina |
| Central African Republic |  | Eswatini | Botswana |
| Chad |  | Georgia | Brazil |
| Comoros |  | Ghana | China (People's Republic of) |
| Democratic Republic of the Congo |  | Guatemala | Colombia |
| Djibouti |  | Honduras | Cook Islands3 |
| Eritrea |  | India | Costa Rica |
| Ethiopia |  | Indonesia | Cuba |
| Gambia |  | Jordan | Dominica |
| Guinea |  | Kenya | Dominican Republic |
| Guinea-Bissau |  | Kosovo | Ecuador |
| Haiti |  | Kyrgyzstan | Equatorial Guinea |
| Kiribati |  | Micronesia | Fiji |
| Lao People's Democratic Republic |  | Moldova | Gabon |
| Lesotho |  | Mongolia | Grenada |
| Liberia |  | Morocco | Guyana |
| Madagascar |  | Nicaragua | Iran |
| Malawi |  | Nigeria | Iraq |
| Mali |  | Pakistan | Jamaica |
| Mauritania |  | Papua New Guinea | Kazakhstan |
| Mozambique |  | Philippines | Lebanon |
| Myanmar |  | Sri Lanka | Libya |
| Nepal |  | Syrian Arab Republic | Malaysia |
| Niger |  | Tajikistan | Maldives |
| Rwanda |  | Tokelau | Marshall Islands |
| Sao Tome and Principe |  | Tunisia | Mauritius |
| Senegal |  | Ukraine | Mexico |
| Sierra Leone |  | Uzbekistan | Montenegro |
| Solomon Islands |  | Viet Nam | Montserrat |
| Somalia |  | West Bank and Gaza Strip | Namibia |
| South Sudan |  |  | Nauru |
| Sudan |  |  | Niue |
| Tanzania |  |  | North Macedonia |
| Timor-Leste |  |  | Palau2 |
| Togo |  |  | Panama2 |
| Tuvalu |  |  | Paraguay |
| Uganda |  |  | Peru |
| Vanuatu1 |  |  | Saint Helena |
| Yemen |  |  | Saint Lucia |
| Zambia |  |  | Saint Vincent and the Grenadines |
|  |  |  | Samoa |
|  |  |  | Serbia |
|  |  |  | South Africa |
|  |  |  | Suriname |
|  |  |  | Thailand |
|  |  |  | Tonga |
|  |  |  | Turkey |
|  |  |  | Turkmenistan |
|  |  |  | Venezuela |
|  |  |  | Wallis and Futuna |

1. General Assembly resolution A/RES/70/253 adopted on 12 February 2016, decided that Angola will graduate five years after the adoption of the resolution, i.e. on 12 February 2021. General Assembly resolution A/RES/68/18 adopted on 4 December 2013, decided that Vanuatu will graduate four years after the adoption of the resolution on 4 December 2017. General Assembly resolution A/RES/70/78 adopted on 9 December 2015, decided to extend the preparatory period before graduation for Vanuatu by three years, until 4 December 2020, due to the unique disruption caused to the economic and social progress of Vanuatu by Cyclone Pam.
2. Antigua and Barbuda, Panama and Palau exceeded the high-income threshold in 2016 and 2017, and Argentina exceeded the high-income threshold in 2017. In accordance with the DAC rules for revision of this List, if they remain high income countries until 2019, they will be proposed for graduation from the List in the 2020 review.
3. The DAC agreed to defer decision on graduation of Cook Islands until more accurate GNI estimations are available. A review of Cook Islands will take place in 2019.